McKean County Miner.

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McKean County Miner.

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July 28, 87yl.

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WRIGHT HOUSE

Main Street, Smethport, Penn'a, E. F. Wright, Proprietor.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class hotel. A well stocked and well kept bar connected with the house. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

Grand Central Hotel,

Main Street, Smethport, Pa. F. N. Taylor, Proprietor.

This hotel has recently been renovated and refurnished. The tables and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. First-class in every respect. Rates reasonable.

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This popular hotel has recently been greatly improved in all its appointments, making it one of the most convenient and homelike in the county. Good livery connected. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season. The bar is also supplied with the choicest of liquors. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Smethport, Pa., Feb. 3, 1888.

COLEMAN HOUSE,

MILDRED, PA.,

Opposite the E. N. Y. & P. Railroad Depot.

On the European Plan.

Newly refitted and refurnished. First-class restaurant in connection with the House. Terms reasonable.

Dec. 17, 1886.

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Remodeled and refurnished, and one of the best hotels in McKean County.

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This Hotel has been recently built and is newly furnished throughout in the latest style. First-class accommodations for the travelling public.

JOHN FLEMING, Proprietor.

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Larrabee, Pa.

At the junction of the main line of the E., N. Y. & P. R. R. with the Ormsdorf Branch.

This house is entirely new, from cellar to garret, and has therefore all the latest and best of the most improved modern. The table shall at all times be supplied with the best the market affords. Terms reasonable.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail

FOR A

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked.

FOR

FRSH & SALT FISH

AND FOR ALL

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF AT

Nearly opposite Catholic church, Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

It Makes You Hungry

"I have used Paine's Celery Compound and it has had a salutary effect. It invigorated the system and I feel like a new man. It improves the appetite and facilitates digestion." A. T. Copeland, Prince, S. C.

Paine's Celery Compound

is a unique tonic and appetizer. Pleasant to the taste. Quick in its action, and without any injurious effect. It gives that rugged health which makes everything taste good. It cures dyspepsia and kindred disorders. Physicians prescribe it. $1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

The Best Spring Medicine.

"In the spring of last I was all run down. I would get up in the morning with so tired a feeling, and would feel that I could hardly get dressed. I thought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and before I had taken it a week I felt much better. I can cheerfully recommend it to all who need a medicine to build up and strengthen the system." Mrs. E. A. Low, Burlington, Vt.

Spring medicine means more now-a-days than it did ten years ago. The weakened 1889-ites has not the nerves of Jugged ost. The nerves must be strengthened, the blood purified, liver and bowels regulated. Paine's Celery Compound—*the Spring medicine of to-day*—does all this, as nothing else can. *Prescribed by Physicians, Recommended by Druggists, Endorsed by Ministers, Commanded by the Housekeepers to Be*

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

BLUING DYES Color anything any color. Never Fail! Always sure! LACTATED FOOD Nourishes babies perfectly. The Physician's favorite.

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CROCKERY, GLASS and STONEWARE HOUSE.

The finest, cheapest and best line of Chinaware, Glassware, Table Furnishing, Table Cutlery, Silverware and Bric-a-Brac in the city. Stock large, new, well-selected and cheap.

GAS FITTINGS AND FIXTURES

of all kinds a specialty. Of these we have as fine a variety as can be found in any city stock.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

No. 66 Main St., Bradford, Pa.

ATTENTION!

wish to say a few words to my friends and customers. After many years of pleasant dealings with the people of Smethport and vicinity, I deem it my duty to inform them that I am at all times prepared to

MEET :o: COMPETITION

in a business way and on

BUSINESS : PRINCIPLES!

I have in many ways improved my business and am constantly

ADDING TO MY STOCK

so as to make it the leading and reliable Clothing and

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

OF McKEAN COUNTY.

I can be found in my store and at all times pleased to see my old and new customers, where they may rely on

FAIR AND HONEST DEALING.

All I want is a call, and I will convince you it is to your interest to deal with

RELIABLE : MERCHANTS

and not with temporary dealers, or dealers who start in business for a few days, trying to make the public believe they are here to stay, and can save your money by buying of them. It is not so, for I can assure each and every one of my customers, and I can prove to them that I have the

LARGEST STOCK

and the FINEST GOODS and the

LOWEST PRICES

in town. All I want is a call and I will convince you

WHAT I SAY IS TRUE

and not simply a trap to get you to buy. Soliciting a call, I am yours truly,

H. W. RUBIN,

The Reliable Clothier and Merchant Tailor, Smethport, Pa.

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SMETHPORT HOME AGENCY,

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We represent the following

Old and Reliable Companies:

Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia, the oldest Insurance Co. in the world. Assets,	$8,436,591
Pennsylvania Fire,	2,890,867
Franklin	3,181,242
Royal, Liverpool	4,845,195
Fire Insurance Association of London (U. S. Branch)	893,445
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Do not obtain Insurance in another State as long as you can get insured at home in as reliable companies as the above.

HASKILL & BURDICK,

Bank Building, Main Street, - Smethport, Pa.

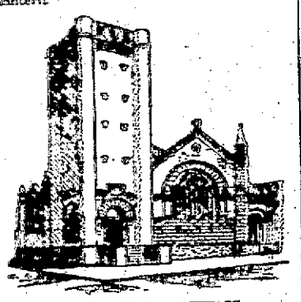
WHERE HE WORSHIPS.

THE HANDSOME CHURCH PRESIDENT HARRISON VISITS ON SUNDAY.

How the Ruler of the Nation Is Stared at When He Attends Divine Service—Description of One of the Finest Churches in Washington.

It is a trying ordeal for the president of the United States to attend church. He needs the imperturbability of a stoic to endure, without noticeable embarrassment, the unceasing stare of the congregation. There is no exaggeration in saying that he is looked upon as something of a freak; or, for instance, the ingenious natives of Central Africa would pass open an India rubber man swapping his face around his arms. From the time the president enters the church and walks up the middle aisle between the lines of people, until he walks out to the curb and steps into his carriage, he is regarded as a man whose chief function in life is to demonstrate joyous compassion of nothing in particular for the admiration of himself. It is much the same with the president's family.

The church which President Harrison will attend for the next four years includes some of the wealthiest and many of the most prominent people in Washington among its members. This is the Church of the Covenant, situated at the southeast corner of Connecticut avenue and N street, and in the very heart of the fashionable and splendidly improved northwestern portion of the city. The church is the most elegant in point of finish and the most picturesque in point of design in Washington. It is built in the Romanesque style, though relieved by light and graceful touches here and there. It is built of stone quarried near by at the great falls of the Potomac. The most striking feature of the exterior is the tower, 20 feet square and rising to a height of 148 feet. The corners are turreted, and the walls are pierced by small windows, which at once give light to the interior and relieve what would otherwise be a heavy and too solid effect. At the top is a belfry. The body of the church forms a parallelogram. The entrances are from Connecticut avenue, one being under the huge tower and the other between the two, and forming a rich feature of the front of the church, is an immense window, with an arch exquisitely carved. There are gables on each side of the building, and rising from the center is the square lantern.



CHURCH OF THE COVENANT.

The interior is beautifully and elaborately finished. Four large pillars support seven circular arches, which in turn support the lantern with its domed roof. The decoration of the walls and ceiling is in plaster, the prevailing color being of an ivory tint.

The pillars are bronzed. Groups of angels appear on the spandrils of the lantern, and on the front of the huge pipe organ, midway, are two angels, one on either side, and each with a trumpet raised to the lips. The figures, which are light and graceful, are bronzed. The windows are of stained glass, and that on the N street side to a present from Mrs. Martha M. Read, as a memorial to her father, Admiral Baldgren. The pulpit and communion table are neatly carved and are made of oak, cedar and olive, set out in the log from the Holy Land. They were presented to the church by the pastor, Dr. Hamlin.

An accident which befell the church last October moved the whole town to profound regret. The immense tower, which had but a few days before been completed, crumbled early one morning, leaving only a mass of ruins. Both the architecture and the material were defective. Fortunately, no one was hurt. The loss, however, which the congregation generously shared with the contractor, was $30,000. The present tower is being constructed on similar lines, but with such care as to insure its perfect safety.

The building, when completed, will have cost $175,000. The seating capacity is estimated at 1,000.

The pastor of the Church of the Covenant is the Rev. Dr. Teunis S. Hamlin. Dr. Hamlin is a native of Schenectady, N. Y., and is only 41 years of age. He is a young man, indeed, to be at the head of the largest and most prominent congregation in Washington. He was educated at Union college and Union seminary, New York city. His first charge was at Troy, where he remained thirteen years. He was then called to Cincinnati, where he remained two years, and then removed to Washington, where he has been for nearly three years. Two years ago he was made a D. D. by his alma mater. Dr. Hamlin's success here has been remarkable. His congregation, which was a colony from the New York Avenue church, was small, and then worshiped in a chapel. Now it could lend the old church money and provide it with pews free of rent in the new building. Dr. Hamlin is a handsome man. His eyes are brown, and only a few fugitive gray hairs show at his temples and in his brown beard. He is an impressive speaker, fluent and correct, a capable man of business with a knack for finances, and with an address which is at once easy and captivating. He is married and has an interesting family of children.

Second Assistant Postmaster General.

Col. S. A. Whitfield, who has been nominated by President Harrison to be second assistant postmaster general, has long been a prominent Republican in Ohio. He is not far from 50 years old, and won his title of colonel on the battlefield during the late "unpleasantness" between the states. In early life he was a bookkeeper. Then he was a gauger in the internal revenue service. He was assistant postmaster in Cincinnati, and was promoted to the postmastership, which office he held for six years. The colonel is prominent in Grand Army circles.

S. A. WHITFIELD.

The Germ Theory.

"What proof have we of the modern theory that the cause of contagious diseases lies in a living germ?"

For the satisfaction of people in general, to whom this question may very naturally occur, a physician gives the following explanation: We employ to detect the germs the most positive sense with which we are endowed. With the aid of the microscope we see it. In the tissues, in the blood, in the excreta—in the tissues, in the blood, in the excreta—in one or all of these—of a person suffering from a contagious disease are found certain foreign elements, which are included under the general term of bacteria. These, under the microscope, are seen to be living organisms, whose growth and multiplication may be observed.

In order to prove that these organisms are the cause of the disease, it is necessary to show, first, that in a given disease they are always present; second, that isolated from the media in which they are found to the body, they are still capable of imitating the morbid processes characteristic of their species. These points, in the case of many diseases, have been conclusively and indisputably made out, while the cumulative relation of the other germs still lacks complete confirmation.

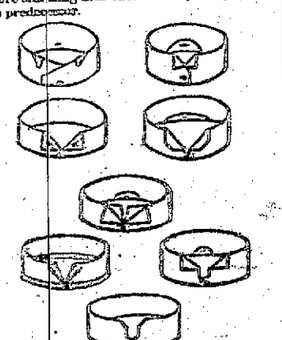
East Buckwheat Flour as D. G. Young's, only 7 cents a sack.

If you are in need of paint of any kind and want the best made in this country, get the Sherwin-Williams, which is kept by M. A. Sprague.

FADS IN COLLARS.

Neckwear That Will Be Affected by the Broad Tide Spring.

The search for something new in collars goes on relentlessly. It used to be a slight matter to select a collar suitable for any occasion, but then there were fewer styles to pick from. The everlasting American cry for something new and original grows louder every day, and the poor collar makers are driven to their wits' end to present some new find that will prove acceptable to their customers. At present there are no less than thirty new collars on the market, each one more startling and more nearly unique than its predecessor.



NEW STYLES IN COLLARS.

Six months ago the collar mania was in its infancy. People crawled upon the innovations, but they were hard to down, and now, instead of the makers appealing to their customers to look favorably upon their novelties, the customers are crying "More!" Everybody wears the new collars—judges, statesmen, merchants, mechanics, pugilists, athletes, college students. Perhaps the students affect them most. In some colleges they serve as a badge of distinction, showing to which society the wearer belongs. Of the latest novelties a very popular one is the French collar which lays in front like a double breasted frock coat. On either side of the chin is a small shapely pointed tab pointing downward. But the standing collar has secured a strong hold upon the necks of thousands of American citizens, from which all the fads will not be able to dislodge it. The collar designers know this, and as they are exceedingly obliging, try to compromise the situation by making a collar which is both standing and turned down, having a double set of points—one standing and the other turned squarely down almost at right angles. The fat man is not forgotten by the obliging designer, and for his special benefit a high collar has been made, which is scooped out in front like a half moon. This arrangement makes room for the drooping double chin of the wearer. The popularity of the square cut collar is so great that the promoters of certain novel shapes have not departed from that idea, but have modified it in many respects.

One of the variations rejoices in small turned tabs at the top points, with rounded points midway down the front spacing. This collar appeals to the eye of advanced dudes and young men about town.

As a special favor to men who insist upon wearing high collars, even at the risk of personal inconvenience, a style has been introduced which aims to obviate all difficulty. This collar opens wide in front and the top points are clipped off.

One of the new fancies lays at the lower points, and the top points are bent over so as to form a V shaped opening. The effect is decidedly fetching and is also a candidate for hot weather favoritism. Then there is the dress collar, which has embroidered points. This has been introduced as an accompaniment to the embroidered shirt front now so popular, but it is argued that it will not be very popular, as it seems to approach the shoddy.

Almost every incoming steamer brings over a fad collar or two from Berlin, Paris or London.

A VARIED CAREER.

Justice Stanley Matthews and His Rise to the World.

Justice Stanley Matthews, associate judge of the supreme court, whose death has recently been announced, was born in Cincinnati on July 21, 1824, and at the early age of 16 he was graduated from Kenyon college. He studied law, was admitted to the bar, and began practicing in Henry county, Tennessee. He shortly afterward returned to Cincinnati, and for three years, from 1845 to 1848, was assistant editor of The Cincinnati Herald, the first daily anti-slavery paper published in that city. In 1851, when but 27 years old, he became judge of the court of common pleas of Hamilton county, in 1855 was state senator, and from 1858 to 1861 was United States attorney for the southern district of Ohio. In March of 1861 he was commissioned lieutenant colonel of the Twenty-third Ohio regiment, and served in West Virginia, taking part in the battles of Rich Mountain and Carnifex. In October, 1861, he became colonel of the Fifty-seventh Ohio regiment, and commanded a brigade in the Army of the Cumberland. He was engaged at Dobbs' Ferry, Murfreesborough, Chickamauga and Lookout Mountain. In 1863 he resigned from the army and became judge of the superior court of Cincinnati. In 1864 he was a presidential elector on the Lincoln and Johnson ticket, and in 1868 on the Grant and Colfax ticket. In 1864 he was a delegate from the presbytery of Cincinnati to the general assembly of the Presbyterian church at Newark, N. J. In 1876 he was defeated as Republican candidate for congress, and in 1877 was one of the counsel before the electoral commission, making the principal argument in the Oregon case. He was elected United States senator in March in place of John Sherman, and in 1881 he was appointed associate justice of the supreme court.

STANLEY MATTHEWS.

A Friend Indeed.

There is a man living at Petoskey, Mich., who served during the war for the Union under peculiar circumstances. His best friend had enlisted, but as his wife was very sick the Petoskey man took his place in the ranks, served faithfully under the name of his afflicted friend, and was honorably discharged.—Chicago Times.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

The Fountain and Source of Much Physical and Mental Disturbance.

If you want a good appetite, don't worry. If you want a healthy body, don't worry. If you want things to go right in your homes or your business, don't worry. Women find a sea of trouble in their housekeeping. Some one says they often put as much worry and anxiety into a loaf of bread, a pie or a cake, and into the weekly washing and ironing, as should suffice for much weightier matters; and this suffice for much weightier matters; and this assertion, again, is quoted as a reason for the inequality of American women. Nervousness, which may be called the reservoir of pain, which may be called the reservoir of woe, which is the fountain and source—has come to be popularly considered the bane of the American race.

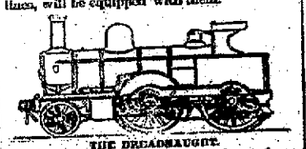
It is not confined to the women, by any means, but extends to the men as well. What good does fretting do? It only increases with indulgence, like anger, appetite, love, or any other human impulse. It deranges one's temper, excites unpleasant feelings toward everybody and confuses the mind. It affects the whole person, unfits one for the proper completion of the work whose trifling interruption or disturbance started the fretful fit. Suppose these things go wrong today, the to-morrows are coming, in which to try again, and the thing is not worth clouding your own spirit and those around you, injuring yourself and them physically—for the mind affects the body—and for such a trifle. Suppose somebody makes a mistake, suppose you are crossed, or a trifling accident occurs; to fly into a fretful mood will not mend, but help to hinder the attainment of what you wish.

D. G. YOUNG has just received from Jamestown Knitting Mills, a new lot of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Leggins

FAST LOCOMOTIVES.

The Plan of Using Steam Expensively to Steal Railroad Trains.

Railroad men the world over are now engaged in trying to improve the speed of their locomotives. All readers who are interested in matters of transportation will remember that last year the managers of several English railways instituted competitive trials of speed upon their lines. The best result was obtained with compound locomotives—that is, so built as to make use of the expansive power of steam. Although marine engines and stationary land engines have been built for this purpose for several years successfully, it was not until lately that the principle was applied to locomotives. Now it is proposed to introduce this style of locomotive in America, and the Pennsylvania railroad has imported from England a locomotive called the Dreadnaught. If the new engine is a success locomotives upon a similar plan will be built in America, and the Pennsylvania, and undoubtedly later other lines, will be equipped with them.



THE DREADNAUGHT.

As will be seen by the picture here given, this locomotive differs very materially from the ordinary locomotives in use upon American railroads, and though she does not differ in looks from other English locomotives, the principles of her construction differ much more from all other locomotives than her appearance. Briefly, this difference may be stated as follows: The Dreadnaught has three cylinders, one low pressure inside and two high pressure outside. Its two pairs of driving wheels are unconnected, and there is a substitute for the old time link motion for working the valves. The two outside cylinders receive steam direct from the boiler and it is worked at high pressure exactly as in the ordinary American locomotive. After the steam has been used in the high pressure cylinders it is admitted to the inside or low pressure cylinder, first having been superheated, where it is worked the second time, and having lost a much greater portion of its energy than in the old style of locomotive is then admitted direct to the smoke stack, the same as in the present engines, where it assists in forming a draft.

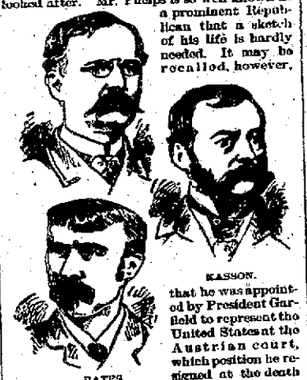
The high pressure or outside cylinders are connected directly to the rear or trailing pair of drivers, while the inside is connected with the forward pair of drivers. It is therefore not necessary that the two pair of drivers shall be exactly of the same diameter, and this is a great advantage, as one of the greatest difficulties met in the construction of the ordinary American locomotive is to secure exact uniformity of size. Beside being much swifter engines, the new locomotives are said to be much more economical. In the case of one engine converted from a simple high pressure engine to a compound machine on an English road, the consumption of coal was reduced from 33.4 to 23.2. The other advantages are greater adhesive power of the engine, and therefore greater pulling power. The disposition of the three cylinders effects a much more satisfactory balance and consequently a steadier run. The main objection to this is the difference of starting this form of engine with a train on a grade, as the low pressure cylinder is not operative until the steam has been received from the high pressure cylinder.

In some compound locomotives there is a contrivance for the admission of steam direct from the boiler to the high pressure cylinder, but this plan has not been adopted with the Dreadnaught. The weight of the Dreadnaught is 95,200 pounds, or about 47½ tons. The weight of the tender is 37,000 pounds, empty. Her driving wheels are 6 feet 3 inches in diameter. Her outside cylinders are 14 by 24 and her inside cylinder 20 by 24 inches. An engine of exactly the same pattern has pulled a train of 544,000 pounds 158 miles in 3 hours and 34 minutes, including two stops, or at the rate of 44.3 miles an hour, excluding stoppages. This is very good speed for so heavy a train, and outside of England no train of anything like a similar weight has run at even 40 miles an hour. Other engines of similar class have done even better work.

THE SAMOAN COMMISSION.

Something About Messrs. Phelps, Kasson and Bates.

The appointment of three commissioners, William Walter Phelps, of New Jersey; John A. Kasson, of Iowa, and George H. Bates, of Delaware, to represent the United States at the conference to be held in Berlin concerning the Samoan trouble indicates that the interests of the United States will be well looked after. Mr. Phelps is so well known as a prominent Republican that a sketch of his life is hardly needed. It may be recalled, however, that he was appointed by President Garfield to represent the United States at the Austrian court, which position he resigned at the death of the president. For three successive congresses he was a member of the committee on foreign affairs, and he has been prominent in the recent discussion of Samoan matters.



BATES. PHELPS. KASSON.

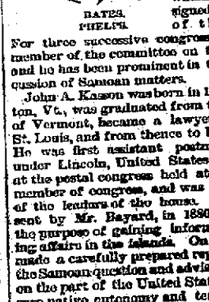
John A. Kasson was born in 1822 at Burlington, Vt., was graduated from the University of Vermont, became a lawyer, removed to St. Louis, and from thence to Des Moines, Ia. He was first assistant postmaster general under Lincoln, United States commissioner at the postal congress held at Paris in 1863, member of congress, and was ranked as one of the leaders of the house. Mr. Bates was sent by Mr. Bayard, in 1886, to Samoa for the purpose of gaining information concerning affairs in the islands. On his return he made a carefully prepared report reviewing the Samoan question and advising such action on the part of the United States as would ensure native autonomy and tend to preserve the interests of the United States in the islands.

Good Material.

An alchemist must have had a hand in making the wearing apparel of Jonathan Andrews, of Enfield. His calf boots have been twenty-two years, his Arctic overshoes twenty-three years, and his gloves twenty-four years, and all are good for some time yet.—Concord (N. H.) Monitor.

Joel B. Erhardt.

Joel B. Erhardt, who has been mentioned as the next collector of customs for the port of New York, has been prominent in New York city politics for years. He has been a police commissioner of New York, and has served as United States marshal. He was the Republican candidate for mayor of New York city last fall. He is a very popular man, and is noted for his candor. During the mayoralty contest he displayed a frankness with the newspaper men that is rare with candidates, especially for municipal office. He would plainly tell the situation of his canvass, and then would direct the newspaper men what part of his utterances came from Col. Erhardt, their friend and helper, and what news was to be printed for Col. Erhardt, the mayoralty candidate. The colonel acted like Roscoe Conkling in this matter. His course was to do everything in his power to get the newspaper men right on any question they were sent to ask him about, but he invariably wound up with the casual remark that he talked as Roscoe Conkling, a private citizen, and not as Roscoe Conkling, the public man.



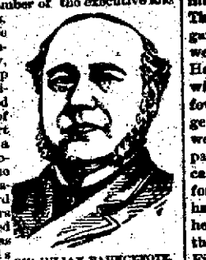
JOEL B. ERHARDT.

A LEARNED DIPLOMAT.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, England's New United States Minister.

In appointing Sir Julian Pauncefote as minister from England to the United States Lord Salisbury has departed from the usual custom of promotion from the diplomatic corps. Sir Julian is taken from the home office, having long been under secretary for foreign affairs. Whether Lord Salisbury took this course to avoid criticism for sending a representative of either too high or too low a grade to the United States, or as a slight expression of resentment for the sending home of Lord Sackville, does not appear. At any rate Sir Julian gets a good post and the diplomats who have been ignored are "mad."

Sir Julian Pauncefote is a son of the late Robert Pauncefote. He was born in 1828 at Munich and attended school at Geneva and Paris, where he became familiar with the modern languages in common use on the continent, a knowledge which has been invaluable to him in his professional career. He completed his education at Marlborough college, in England. His father wished him to enter the Indian army, but the young man preferred the law. In 1852 he was called to the bar. He was some time afterwards appointed private secretary to Sir William Molesworth, secretary of state for the colonies, but upon the death of Sir William he returned to the law. In 1859 he concluded to practice his profession at the Colony of Hong Kong, a place of considerable international importance. In 1865 he became attorney general of the colony, and by virtue of his position was also a member of the executive and legislative councils. He took an active part in the government of the colony, but did not give up the law. At various periods he acted as chief justice of the supreme court and furnishing a code of civil procedure. In 1872 he became chief justice of the Leeward Islands. Two years later he visited England and was knighted for his services in the colony, but at once returned to the Leeward Islands, where he proceeded to open the new federal supreme court, and furnished a code of civil procedure as at Hong Kong.



SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE.

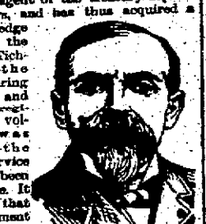
Very soon after this Sir Julian returned again to England. The office of legal assistant under secretary of state at the colonial office being at the time vacant it was offered to him and accepted. He was afterward offered the chief justiceship of Ceylon, but preferred to remain in England. In 1876 the post of legal assistant under secretary at the foreign office was created and he was appointed to fill the position. During Lord Beaconsfield's administration Sir Julian was made a Commander of the Bath and Knight Commander of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. Gladstone appointed him under secretary for foreign affairs, the office from which he was taken to be made minister to the United States.

Sir Julian's experience in the foreign office fits him for any position in the diplomatic service. He has not had the experience of those belonging to the diplomatic corps in dealing directly with foreign governments, but is especially well grounded in international law and has had long experience in an office from which the instructions to diplomats emanate.

The home of the newly appointed minister at Cromwell place has long been open to the members of the diplomatic corps, and Lady Pauncefote and her daughter, a young lady of about 25, are said to be very popular. They visit at nearly all the houses of the American colony at South Kensington, and will doubtless be appreciated at Washington. Sir Julian is a real Englishman in build, standing six feet in his stockings. Like most of his countrymen he is a lover of manly exercise, and is said to have been very expert with the foil.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

George Tichenor, who has been nominated to be assistant secretary of the treasury, has been a special agent of the treasury department for years, and has thus acquired a special knowledge to fit him for the position. Mr. Tichenor entered the Union army during the civil war, and commanded a regiment of Iowa volunteers. He was appointed to the government service in 1878, and has been there ever since. It is understood that the appointment comes simply from special fitness, for Mr. Tichenor is not a politician. He assisted in the compilation of the senate substitute to the Mills tariff bill, and by this and other work in connection with the customs has gained a reputation for a knowledge of this branch of the treasury department.



GEORGE TICHENOR.

Doubtful Prosperity.

"Holden, the clothier, must be making a great deal of money."

"I doubt it."

"Why?"

"He trusted me for a suit yesterday."—Nebraska State Journal.

Are You Going West? If you Are Read This.

The lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway extend through Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Dakota and Missouri. They own and operate 5,700 miles of railroad, and have all the latest improvements, vestibule trains, steam heat, electric lights etc. At St. Paul connections are made with all lines to the north-west; at Council Bluffs for points in Nebraska; Colorado, Utah, Idaho and California; at Kansas City, with lines running through Kansas, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico and Southern California. If you intend going west, write or call on John R. Pott, Traveling Passenger Agent, No. 436 William street, Williamsport, Pa. Name the place you want to go to and you will be furnished with maps, time tables, rates of fare etc. free of charge.

No Quackery in This.

Having secured the agency of the celebrated Sizerville magnetic mineral water, I am now prepared to handle it in large or small quantities. It has been thoroughly demonstrated that it is a sure cure for all rheumatic pains and kidney diseases, besides being one of the greatest aperizers and bowel regulators known. It has also cured some of the worst cases of paralysis on record.

Orders left at the Grand Central Hotel, Smethport, will be promptly attended to

F. N. TAYLOR.

Smethport, Dec. 3, 1888.

The Population of Smethport

Is about two thousand and we would say at least one half are troubled with some affection of the Throat and Lungs, as those complaints are according to statistics, more numerous than others. We would advise all our readers not to neglect the opportunity to call on their druggist and get a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. Trial size free. Large Bottle 50c and $1. Sold by all druggist.

Saved from Ruin to Bliss

On Decker Bros., Opera, Knabe and Fischer Bros. pianos. Burdette Standard, Harrington Bros., and Clough & Warren organs. Every instrument fully guaranteed in tone, durability and price to satisfy the most critical musician and customer. Address for terms, etc.,

C. J. SHELDON,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Sole agent for Harrington Bros., Bradford, Pa.

Attention Farmers.

One car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's, Smethport.

ARMY REMINISCENCES.

August 2, 1864.—There has been no fighting here since last Saturday. I suppose that the rebels have been up into Pennsylvania again, and this morning's papers tells us that they have burned Chambersburg to the ground, but have been driven out by a portion of our cavalry and the State militia. The Baltimore papers say that the rebels have 40,000 men in Maryland and Pennsylvania. If that is so Gen. Lee can't have a very heavy force down here; but I very much doubt the statement; it is probably thrown out to deceive our commanders. Let their force be large or small, it would please me well if our men would turn out in sufficient force to annihilate them. I don't know, but I have the blues a little in regard to the way matters are going on on this war question. Times look rather dark, but I don't know but my suspicions are altogether groundless; I hope they are. All that we have to do, is to do the best we can and hope for good results, trusting in a higher power for the final result of the contest in which we are engaged.

August 15th.—We left the fortifications yesterday morning and came back about a mile. Where our place of destination is I don't know. A part of the ninth corps took our place in the fort. There are a great many surmisings in regard to where we are going; some say we are going to Washington, others to Harrisburg. It is my opinion that we will have plenty of business near by in a few days. None, except a few leading generals, know what we are going at; we have not had any fighting on this part of the line for days. There was heavy cannonading yesterday and the day before, but what was the cause of it we have not learned. The second corps left here a few days ago and it is conjectured that they have gone to Malvern Hill. Five of the boys of our company have left us and joined the sharp shooters; all that are left of the company now are the captain, lieutenant, two sergeants and three privates. We would not make a much more formidable appearance on the field of battle than David did when he went out to meet the Philistine champion, Goliath.

Since I wrote you last we have had one skirmish and two days hard fighting. We started on the 18th and marched about three miles below Petersburg, and came in contact with the rebel cavalry pickets, who were dismounted. They fired a volley into our regiment, it being in the advance, and then attempted to flee, but we rushed on after them and overtook and captured several of them. We followed on foot about two miles, and came to the Weldon railroad at the Yellow Tavern. I think that the officers who had their headquarters there must have been in something of a hurry to get away when they heard the Yanks were coming, for when we went in we found several officers' hats, coats and boots strewn around the floor, also saddles and other equipments for their horses laying around promiscuously. We had no sooner struck the railroad than the boys began tearing it up, and very soon five miles of it was disposed of. Our regiment was put on picket and remained there until 5 o'clock the next day, when we were relieved. The rest of our brigade, while we were on picket, had thrown up some good strong earthworks, so that when we came back we had a good shelter. We had not been off picket more than an hour, when the enemy charged on one division of the ninth corps (the other two divisions not having come up yet) and drove in and captured a part of the first line, and at the same time the most of the old Sauk-tail regiment were captured. We (that is the 150th Pennsylvania Volunteers,) was called upon to support the batteries that had been placed in position to fill up the gap made in the Union lines, and we had a sharp fight for about an hour, in which the enemy lost heavily and gave way, leaving some hundreds of dead and wounded on the field. The remainder of the ninth corps coming up at this time, they, in connection with our division of the fifth corps, Gen. Crawford in command, pursued them until they had recaptured a part of our men and brought in quite a number of the enemy. Night having now set in, we were relieved and went back to our breastworks tired and hungry not having eaten anything since morning.

Again, on the 21st, the enemy charged on our brigade and one brigade of the second division, apparently with the determination of making a break in our line, cost what it might. But when they were within good easy range we opened on them, and made such fearful gaps in their ranks that it caused them to halt for a moment. But they recovered, closed up their ranks, and on they came again. We were ready to receive them. They were now within a few rods of our works, and our second discharge of musketry made such terrible havoc that they could proceed no further; some of them attempted to get back to the shelter of the woods, but they were so near our lines that to try to get back was almost certain death, which some found to their sorrow to be the case. The remainder, in order to save their lives, threw down their arms and surrendered. About 2,100 fell into our hands besides those that were wounded. The enemy's loss in killed and wounded was some hundreds, while our loss in killed, wounded and missing was only thirteen. In this battle the Johnnies experienced a little of the disadvantage that we have labored under ever since we started in the Wilderness, on the morning of the 5th of May. They may learn by this little transaction that it is rather more perilous to attack an enemy in his strong fortifications than to meet him on equal footing.

We worked nearly all night in throwing up breastworks, and were expecting another attack to-day, but it is now nearly night and we have not been molested. Since I wrote you last the second corps (Hancock in command) has had a sharp encounter with the enemy at Reams' Station, about three miles below here, and were driven back to the Jerusalem plank road. The rebels charged on them three times, in which they lost heavily. We still hold the railroad and are building two large forts. This would indicate that we intend to stay awhile, unless we are driven out by the enemy, which we propose shall not occur without a struggle.

CAMERON D. WINGATE.

The Handsomest Lady in Smethport

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle Free Large size 50c and $1.

We have received our stock of Birges' Wall Paper for our spring trade, and we wish to say that it is the finest stock of wall paper ever brought to Smethport, both as to quality and quantity. We guarantee our customers Buffalo prices, and in several of our choicest patterns even lower prices than can be had in Buffalo. Save express charges. Patronize home trade.

9tf FRANK R. FOSTER & CO.

Do You Love Good Butter.

If so try Stickney, Bull & Co's Celebrated Cortland County Creamery. To use it once is to use it always. 30 cents a pound. Western Creamery 27 cents a pound, 25 cents by the tub.

Vol. XXVI.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Payable IN ADVANCE, one year $1.50; six months, $1.00; three months, 75 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Quarterly, half-yearly and yearly advertisements by the year or for six or three months are inserted at low and uniform rates. Executors' and administrators' notices $3.00 each for all insertions. Professional cards, not exceeding one inch (business cards), not exceeding one inch ($5.00 per year.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

J. ROGERS,
Editor and Proprietor

Smethport, Pa., April 5, 1889.

EX-STATE SENATOR ROBERT ADAM, of Philadelphia, has been appointed Minister to Brazil. "Bert" has troops of friends around the State who will be delighted to hear of his good luck.

A TERRIBLE hurricane occurred in the harbor of Apia of the Samoan Islands in the South Pacific Ocean, on March 16th. The American war vessels, Trenton and Vandalia, were totally destroyed and the Nipsic was seriously damaged. Three German war ships were destroyed. Fifty American officers and seamen were drowned, and the German loss was much greater.

THE veteran editor of the Cameron *Press*, C. E. Gould, Esq., has finally been partially rewarded for long and valuable services to the Republican party which were not confined to Cameron county, by being appointed and confirmed as Postmaster at Emporium. This appointment is one of eminent fitness and is highly creditable to the administration of President Harrison.

THE U. S. Senate, on Saturday last, rejected the nomination of Murat Halstead, as Minister to Germany, by a vote of 19 to 25. Mr. Halstead, as editor of the Cincinnati *Commercial-Gazette*, has had his pen dipped in gall too often, when writing about certain Senators, to expect favors from their hands. For his rejection the Ohio Republicans are just mad enough to send him to the Senate, and a good many people would like to see him there.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

(From our own correspondent.)

HARRISBURG, April 3.—Monday the legislature took its April fool holiday, which in some sections of the state is a grand scathing-up day and in other parts is the day set apart for the annual "flitting" of the ever-moving tenants; and of course the legal legislator must be at home on that day to assist his clients to transfer titles, etc., and a thousand other little things incident to April 1st business, and hence it is that a legislative holiday is necessary.

The pending *sine die* adjournment resolution has had the effect of stimulating the statesmen to hard, earnest work so as to complete the requisite legislation so that adjournment can be had not later than May 9th, and it is curious to hear the expressions of members and even senators as to the necessity for the adjournment at all until the important bills on the calendars can be given the consideration that their importance demands. Senator Mayburn, who is no man's man, but an honest, straight forward and consistent legislator, says he does not propose to report the adjournment resolution from the senate appropriation committee or fix upon any definite day until he can see the way clear to avoid the blunders and imperfect legislation that must necessarily follow its hastily considering the bills that ought to receive careful consideration. It is said May 9th has been determined upon for final adjournment and that during the present week the resolution of the house will be so amended and returned for concurrence by the house.

On Wednesday of last week the house had under discussion a bill for the establishment of a state board of medical examiners. It was prepared by the old school professionals but was modified so as to give the new school representation on the board. While the measure was under discussion it was discovered that the eclectic, homœopathic, faith cure, cold water cure and a dozen other schools were heard from in the shape of protests against the discriminating provisions of the bill and its partisan character. This of course led to a lively discussion for all of one afternoon session. Col. Bean made a splendid plea for the female physician, whom he wanted represented in the board of examiners and he succeeded, 100, by such an amendment to the bill's back, was the proposition to have no all fixes as a member on said board a veterinary surgeon. Of course the proposition by its absurdity, cap-turned the house and led to additional discussion. The Philadelphia member who was responsible for this proposition, after a remark that he only wanted to "put a little horse sense into the bill," requested permission to withdraw the amendment. A whole day was wasted on this bill and it was so terribly mutilated by amendments that the legislature tried in every way to defeat it. It passed second reading, however, but will doubtless be defeated on its next reading, for the reason that those who framed the bill at first will now to recognize the measure as the one introduced by them and prefer to see it defeated.

Representative Skinner, of Fulton county, presented that old, familiar visitor to legislative halls, known as the "Border raid bill." It has reached the "Border raid bill." It has reached the second reading in the house and Mr. Skinner made an eloquent plea for justice to the residents of the border counties who suffered from alternate raids by Johnnie Reb and Yankee during the rebellion. It was conceded on all sides that some measure ought to be passed to make good the losses sustained by loyal citizens, but it was argued against the bill under discussion that it was in the interest of a syndicate of speculators, who, taking advantage of the necessities of the original holders of the state's certificates of indebtedness, had purchased them at a very large discount and now proposed to ask payment for the face value of these certificates. A prompt denial of this was made, but it availed nothing as the bill was defeated. There is an unsavory reputation hanging around this Border Raid bill and whether true or not, it always gets the full benefit of it and an early demise is always sure to follow its presentation.

On Thursday last Chris Magee, of Pittsburgh, was a visitor to the legislative halls and everybody was on the *qui vive* for a high old time. By many it was said a fight was in prospect between him and the representatives of Senator Quay for the mastery on some matters of legislation. There was no fight, however. A senator, who is a close friend to both Senator Quay and Mr. Magee, said to your correspondent that it would be dangerous to make a fight against Mr. Magee's legislation, and further, "that Mr. Magee has been and is too valuable a man to drive out of the party by a fight against him and I for one would not halt long in making my choice of a leader." Other expressions similar to this were also heard. In short on many sides can be heard strong opposition to the methods adopted to defeat certain bills and "just because they are known as Chris Magee's bills."

Senator Ryan has been quite ill for several days at his rooms at the Lochiel Hotel, but is at the present writing much improved. ALCHOFF.

FOR THE AMENDMENT.

EDITOR MINER: The article of "Vindex" in last week's issue would lead us to believe that the people of Maine had made a great mistake in passing prohibitory laws against liquor selling; that instead of bettering matters they had made them worse, and that things had been going from bad to worse until now even the most earnest temperance men were sick and tired of prohibition. Who the gentleman writing to a Philadelphia paper is, we are not told. Neither the *name* of the writer—a very important item—nor even the name of the paper is given. Whether he is a merchant, a banker or a liquor seller, we cannot tell. Even the latter may have "given the subject of prohibition much study." Let us ask some other citizens of Maine about this matter, before we *decide* "that prohibition does not prohibit, even in the oldest prohibition State of the Union." United States Senator Frye says: "I can and do from my own personal observation unhesitatingly affirm that the consumption of intoxicating liquors is not to day one-fourth as great as it was twenty years ago; that in the country portions of the State the sale and use have almost entirely ceased; that the law itself under a vigorous enforcement of its provisions has created a temperance sentiment which is marvelous and to which opposition is powerless. In my opinion our remarkable temperance reform of to-day is the legitimate child of the law."

Hon. James G. Blaine says "Intemperance has steadily decreased in the State since the first enactment of the prohibitory law, until now it can be said with truth that there is no equal number of people in the Anglo-Saxon world among whom so small an amount of intoxicating liquor is consumed as among the inhabitants of Maine."

Ex-Governor Dingley says: "In 1850 there were thirteen distilleries in the state, manufacturing about 1,000,000 gallons of rum (two gallons for each inhabitant) all of which, together with about 300,000 gallons of imported liquors were consumed in the state. Now there is not a single distillery or brewery in the state. Of the 500 taverns in 1833 all but forty had an open bar. Now no tavern in Maine has an open bar, and not one in ten sells even quor as freely as coffee and molasses. Now there is not known to be a general trader in the state who sells liquors."

Neal Dow, despite all the garbled and twisted statements published of late concerning him, under date of March 6, 1889, in reply to questions about these same false statements, says: "The passage (attributed to me) is meant to convey the impression that the grog shops keeps on pretty much as they did before prohibition was adopted, which is as far from the truth as the west from the east. Twenty years ago the volume of the liquor traffic was reduced to less than one-twentieth of its former proportions, and has continued so to this day. Some low grog shops linger on the sly and on a small scale in our cities and large towns as the result of certain defects in the law. With these corrected we could sweep away every vestige of the liquor traffic in six months. For more than twenty years we have been to every legislature with hundreds of petitions praying that these defects might be corrected, but have been refused. Consequently the grog shops keep on pretty much as they did. That is very simple, I think, and in no way implies that the law has in any way been a failure. On the contrary it has been a great success from the beginning."

Some people seem to think that unless prohibition stops *absolutely all* selling and *all* drinking, it must of necessity be a *failure*. Will they name a single law on our statutes, judged by such a standard that is not also a *failure*? Is it that against theft, embezzlement, counterfeiting, or murder? Who has ever suggested a repeal of any of these laws on the ground that they do not absolutely prohibit? If the people of Maine are tired of their law why has it not been repealed? It will be remembered that in 1884, after thirty years of trial of their prohibitory liquor law, it was proposed not to repeal but to embody it in the constitution of the state, just as it is proposed to put a prohibitory clause in our own constitution. Instead of its rejection, as statements like those of "Vindex" would lead us to have regarded as inevitable, it was carried by a majority of 47,076—the affirmative vote being about three to one against.

Even the "significant statements" quoted from the Portland *Herald*, are but a reiteration of what Neal Dow refers to—the *defects* of the law, and the *sluggishness* of politicians in the legislature to remedy them. As the legislature to appoint an investigating committee to ascertain *why* it is that the prohibitory law cannot be enforced in *Maine* as well as in Kansas? Implying if it implies anything that the fault was not with the *law* but the law *makers*. So much for Maine and her failure of prohibition to be so called failure of prohibition to prohibit. If there is so much more liquor sold and drank under prohibitory rule than under license, as is claimed by anti-prohibitory people, will some one be kind enough to tell us why it is that every distiller and saloon-keeper opposes the prohibitory amendment?

If prohibition doesn't accomplish anything, why so bitterly assail it? Why so much crying out if nobody is hurt? Why such nervous excitement? Why such earnest appeals as these: "In God's name (a strange name indeed, to invoke in such a cause) Organize!! Organize!!! Organize!!! If ganized Organize!! Organize!!! If ganized Organize!! Organize!!! If the liquor trade as a class was outside the pale of the law!" Or as the *Champion* says: "I can and do from my own personal observation unhesitatingly affirm that the consumption of intoxicating liquors is not to day one-fourth as great as it was twenty years ago; that in the country portions of the State the sale and use have almost entirely ceased; that the law itself under a vigorous enforcement of its provisions has created a temperance sentiment which is marvelous and to which opposition is powerless. In my opinion our remarkable temperance reform of to-day is the legitimate child of the law."

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McKean County Miner

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The label on your paper shows the time to which it is paid.

If you would like a change of your paper stopped, or you do not choose to have the Miner sent after the time you have paid for, please notify us by postal card or letter, otherwise you will consider it your desire to have the paper continued. Please be prompt in sending the name of your choice paper when you change your address, as we have no way of knowing unless you tell us. If you like the Miner and want the paper regularly let us know. We intend every week to make a paper every one will like. Correspondence is solicited from live men in every township.

Smethport, Pa., April 5, 1889.

W. N. SKINNER, Local Editor.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

—Mud predominates.

—Smethport needs a board of trade.

—The spring hen's water-fowl season is here.

—The maple sugar crop was a good one this year.

—An epidemic of severe colds exists in this town.

—Spring plowing has been commenced by some farmers.

—The lawns are beginning to wear a deeper hue of green.

—Wild ducks have been seen about the streams in this vicinity.

—Ten days more before we can tempt the "speckled beauties."

—The first thunder storm of the season occurred last Wednesday morning.

—An Ohio man who ate thirty-six eggs at one meal is an oppressive eater.

—This is the time of year the hens sustain their reputation as incubators.

—E. S. McCarty is having the interior of his Confectionery store decorated by painters.

—The stone masons are at work on the foundation of the residence to be built this spring by J. C. Hamlin.

—This is the time of year mankind wears a haggard countenance the result of the house cleaning nightmare.

—The new time table of the N. Y. & P. railroad will be found elsewhere in this issue, and can be examined to advantage.

—Another interesting installment of army reminiscences from Cameron H. Wright will be found on our first page.

—C. P. St. John, the well-known optician, will make his quarterly visit to Smethport next week. See his card elsewhere in this issue.

—Weeping April has circled around once more. Let her tears bring forth the fairest flowers of May, and may she smile often through her tears.

—Pneumonia paid us a visit some days since. He was half way through the skylight when the devil fired a bottle of Dr. Ball's cough syrup at him, whereupon he retreated.

—M. L. Buntingame was appointed high constable, last Tuesday. Mr. B., we understand will not hold guiltless those who ride bicycles on the sidewalks and race horses on Main street.

—Those who saw "brooding darkness" descend upon the last day of March, 1889, may have noticed that the day's last moments were lamb-like. Our prophecy of last week was substantiated.

—The Buffalo *Express* has a new correspondent in this place, and we can assure its readers of interesting communications from the pen of an able writer, to the Sunday edition of that excellent journal.

—The wood business and team of Frank Vickery, who has gone into the meat market business on Main street, was sold last week to John Hungerford, who afterwards sold the same to Andrew Nase of this place.

—The death rate in the case of brewers, commercial travelers, and other classes exposed to the temptation of frequent alcoholic drinking is six times greater than in all the other industries combined. *Medical Review.*

—Mrs. Cynthia Ripley, relict of the late William Ripley, of Keating township, died at the residence of her son-in-law, M. L. Armstrong, Esq., on Water street, Thursday morning, at 5 o'clock, aged seventy-eight years.

—On the 30th of this month one hundred years will have elapsed since the inauguration of George Washington, as President of the United States. The church bells are to ring throughout the land at the dawn of that day.

—The Ceres *Courant* and Sharon *Leader* have been consolidated. The result of the combination of these intellectual forces in the Oswayo Valley *Mail*, which comes from the press bright and elegant. Brother Herrick deserves congratulation on his successful enterprises, purchased by firm and fearless management.

—The young elocutionist, M. J. Sweeney, entertained an appreciative audience at the M. E. church on Wednesday evening, "The Bells of Shandon" a parody on Poe's "Raven," and a dialogue from "Hamlet," he recited exceptionally well. The Smethport band was in attendance and rendered some very fine music.

—"All that glitters is not gold," and all of the rosy colored descriptions of Washington Territory land other points in the far west, are not realities, but most of them are simply chimerical pictures painted from the imagination of Boards of Trade, for the purpose of drawing eastern "suckers" from their homes to deposit what they have on the Pacific Slope.

—"Our monument dime fund has been increased with another donation from Mrs. C. H. Kauffman, of this place. If others do not care to subscribe we will close the fund on May 1st."—*Eldred Eagle.* Do not abandon your noble effort, brother Gould. Perhaps in time hearts will soften and patriotism will usurp the dwelling place of envy in the hearts of some of your citizens, as well as the citizens of other towns in the county.

—"It is about time that that thoroughly decayed chestnut, 'Is marriage a failure?' was relegated to the moles and bats. It never was entitled to a moment's thoughtful consideration. Marriage is not a failure. It is one of God's appointed ways, and to question its importance or the fact that it has been and ever will be a grand and happy success, is as perilous in its consequences as the advocacy of polygamy."—*Mansfield Advertiser.* "Plain, thou readest well."

—The Alton Chemical Company's works, at Rockdale, near Alton, were destroyed by the last Friday forenoon. The blaze was started, it is supposed, by a spark from a passing locomotive, and at 11:30 o'clock, when discovered, it had gained so much headway as to be beyond control. The flames rapidly spread through the speckets building—the dimensions of which were 300 by 175 feet—and in a remarkably short time it was reduced to smouldering ruins. The loss on the building and contents is estimated at $15,000; insurance $8,000. The Alton Chemical Company is composed of Messrs. J. C. Greenawalt, A. L. Wyman, Sears & Milligan of Bradford, and J. W. Barcus and D. Hilton of Alton. The burned works will probably be rebuilt.

—R. W. Georgia returned a few days ago from Williamsport, where he has perfected arrangements for the more rapid manufacture of the filag machine which he invented a year or more ago. He has also made arrangements for patenting the machine in Canada. It is unquestionably a valuable invention.

—We were invited some days since to inspect the residence of Charles Moore, on lower Main street, which has been in the the hands of Wilson Brothers, decorationists and paper hangers, of Port Allegany, for the past few months. The interior indeed presents a royal appearance. The ground floor, consisting of the dining room, bed room and wash room, is grained in light oak, while the parlor, front hall and sitting room on the same floor are magnificently finished in mahogany. The upper story of the house is finished in three distinct tints. Mr. Moore is justly proud of his beautiful residence.

—William Hungerford, of Irish Hollow, lost on Saturday last, while on his way to Smethport, a calf-skin pocketbook containing $200. The money was in his slip pocket when he left home, and he did not discover his loss until he reached this place. Mr. Hungerford was seated in his lumber wagon and directly under him there was quite a hole in the box, through which the pocketbook must have dropped. Fortunately Mr. L. Boyer who was on his way to Smethport shortly afterward discovered the purse and returned it to the owner, who, it is needless to say, was overwhelmed with joy, at his providential fortune.

—William W. Brown, of Bradford, who served in the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Congresses from the Sixteenth Pennsylvania district, is at the Colonnade. Mr. Brown is the eldest of a remarkable trio of brothers who served their country well in the tented field and since the war have been active in politics. His brothers, J. L. and I. E., served in the Democratic Harrisburg at the same time, the former as a Democratic member from Elk and the latter as a Republican from Erie. The latter is now Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs. Ex-Congressman Brown is a lawyer and is now engaged in the practice of his profession. He is short of stature, bald as Julius Cæsar and his face is covered with a luxuriant growth of red beard. He was recommended for Commissioner of Pensions by Senator Quay, but has been knocked out by Corporal Tanner. — *Philadelphia Times.*

PERSONAL MENTION.

We would deem it a favor if those having personals relating to this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

E. F. Wright and wife visited Bradford last Tuesday.

C. B. Roberts, of Ceres, visited our sanctum yesterday.

C. W. Freeman has gone to Binghamton to visit his uncle.

Charles Lemmler returned Saturday evening last from Hamburg, N. Y.

Judge Tate and County Auditor Seaburgh two of Clermont's prominent citizens were in town on Wednesday.

Miss Elvira Wescott, formerly of this place, is lying seriously ill at her home in Wilcox, suffering from quick consumption.

Carl Bell, son of our well-known East Smethport merchant, is sick with fever at Limestone, where he had gone on a visit.

Horace Coleman, Esq., one of the originals of Liberty township, was shaking hands with his many friends in Smethport on Wednesday last.

Rev. A. E. Ketchen, who has been recently stopping in Olean, will preach in the Baptist church in this place on Sunday morning and evening next.

Mr. and Mrs. James O. Sweet, of Jewett City, New London county, Conn., have been visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Palmer several days the past week. Mr. Sweet is manager of a wealthy cotton manufacturing corporation at that place and is a relative of Mr. Palmer by marriage.

A Skillful Operation.

We are pleased to republish the following complimentary notice of W. F. Burdick, M. D., which we find in the Bolivia *Local News*, a bright journal recently established in that place.

"Last Saturday Dr. Burdick removed from the forehead of F. D. Sweet, one of the publishers of this paper, a cherished cyst tumor that had been upon his head for over thirty-six years, it coming there when he was but an infant six weeks old. The operation took nearly an hour, as it had been there so long that it had become firmly attached. The patient was under the influence of chloroform and knew nothing about the operation, and would scarcely believe that it had been performed when he regained consciousness.

The doctor removed another on Monday, of the same nature, from the cheek of a young man. Both of the wounds are healing nicely, and the doctor thinks that in a short time all traces of the tumors will be removed.

Dr. Burdick came to LuRoh about four months ago, and has built for himself a very nice practice, and thus far has been very successful. He is a very careful surgeon, examining his work well before starting and always keeping a cool head.

He is making a specialty of Otorrhœa —inflammation and offensive discharge of the ear. The doctor having been afflicted in this manner from childhood, has made this complaint a study, and after several years of careful study and experiment, he is now prepared to treat the most stubborn cases of this complaint.

Such young men as Dr. Burdick are welcome among us, and we hope to see his business continue to increase."

J. C. HAMLIN, has Planet Jr. Cultivators and Stevens all Steel Harrows for sale. The best made.

Just received a car load of fresh Marble-head lime. For sale by A. Reilly.—0.

Teachers' Examination.

Teachers' examinations for McKean county will be held as follows:

Norwich township, at Hamlin, Monday, April 8th.
Lafayette township, at Port Allegany, Tuesday, April 9th.
Annin township, at Turtle Point, Wednesday, April 10th.
Eldred township, at Eldred, Thursday, April 11th.
Keating township, at Ceres, Friday, April 12th.
Foster township, at Kendall, Monday, April 15th.
Hamilton township, Bartholomew's, Tuesday, April 16th.
Otto township, at Duke Center, Wednesday, April 17th.
Hamlin township, at Mt. Jewett, Thursday, April 18th.
Sergeant township, at East Smethport, Friday April 19th.
Lafayette township, at Big Shanty, Monday, April 22d, and Tuesday, April 23d. (See note below.)
Smethport township, at Custer City, Wednesday, April 24th.
Keating township, at East Smethport, Thursday, April 25th.
Sergeant township, at East Smethport, Friday April 26th.
Clarendon township, at Times school house, Tuesday, April 30th.

All examinations will begin at 9 o'clock a. m.

Applicants will supply themselves with pencil, paper and legal penalty. Directors are requested to be present at these examinations.

Applicants not well known to the superintendent must bring certificates of good moral character.

No provisional certificates will be endorsed. Each provisional certificate examination to bear date hereafter, and the examinations on Tuesday, April 23d, will be in three branches only.

Directors will please remember that no teacher is allowed to have charge of a school from her husband (Miner Union). Before entering upon school, they shall have a legal certificate.

Directors will please notify all of their neighbors.

W. F. KENNEL,
County Supt.

CALL at Sprague's Hardware for the best plows made. All warranted to give satisfaction. 3tf.

DUKE CENTER.

T. Buchanan is back to town again this week.

Jno. McCowan is again happy. A ten pound girl.

J. K. Harris of Kane was in town during the week.

Chas. Hatch, of State Line, was in town this week.

Wm Duke is home from his school at Wellsville, N. Y.

Henry Williams, of Olean, was in town the first of the week.

Mr. Eli Middaugh, of Portville, was in town last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Brown were in Bradford last Friday.

Miss Eva Baldwin is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. Gault, of Olean.

The well completed this week by Messrs. Sprague and Lilly is a good one.

W. N. George was in Bradford this week. He finds lots of subscribers for his book.

Miss Ellen Fisher, of Jamestown, N. Y., is visiting F. W. Sprague's family, of Oil Valley.

Miss Alice Fisher returned to her school at Allegany, N. Y., the latter part of last week.

Thursday evening a pleasant time was enjoyed by a few of our young people at Mr. C. C. Rogers.

R. H. Brown left for the Warren field the first of this week. He expects to be absent a number of weeks.

A large number of young people enjoyed themselves at the residence of Jos. Norris last Monday evening. The occasion was a surprise and birthday party for Miss Maggie.

The entertainment at the Opera house last Saturday evening by Belle Boyd or the famous Rebel Spy, given under auspices of the G. A. R. & W. R. C. drew a very small house. The two orders between them realing $14 in the deal.

Ace Terrill's horse ran away last Saturday afternoon, starting from Gridley's mill it ran up to central part of town where it ran against another team catching its leg in the wheel and throwing itself. It was badly hurt, but will doubtless get over it.

Drunkenness in any man is usually considered about as disgraceful a state as there is, but, in a man (?) where cases of life and death are often at stake, the case certainly becomes more deplorable. What is to be done in such an extremity? Why, if repeated trials and the best of encouragement avails nothing, there remains but one resort, to boycotte, yes, a not very mild treatment of tar and feathers with the use of rail and 24 hours time to leave town is too good. The citizens of this place have ample cause for indignation.

CALL and see the Stoddard Creamery and Churn, and as good Mixed Paints as are made, at J. C. Hamlin's.

KALSOMINE, Alabastine and Anti-Kalsomine at Sprague's Hardware.

BRADFORD BRIEFS.

Miss Grace Zook is visiting with Buffalo friends.

Mrs. C. B. Whitehead is visiting at Cambridgeboro.

Mrs. Henry Saalfield is visiting with friends in Petrolia.

Hon. T. A. Morrison was in the city the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Wright, of Smethport, were visiting in the city last Tuesday.

Minnie Maldern will appear at the Opera-house Friday evening, in "Captive."

Robert Mantell presented his great play "Monbars" at the Wagner Wednesday evening.

George Wilson's Imperial minstrels showed to a good sized audience at the Wagner Tuesday evening.

Fred M. Hawley has succeeded C. W. Gardner as chief operator of the Bradford division of the Erie railroad.

Miss Jessie M. West, who is home for a short vacation, will return to Meadville next Tuesday to resume her studies at Allegany college.

Burt McAllister has withdrawn from the race for chief engineer of the Bradford fire department, as he does not expect to remain in the city.

The young men of the Methodist church gave an enjoyable entertainment and supper last Tuesday evening. A large crowd was in attendance.

There were 1619 pupils in attendance at the public schools in this city during the month of March, the average attendance was 1447, and the number neither tardy or late during that time was 853.

The mayoralty question was finally settled last Monday by the resignation of T. A. Dempsey and the inauguration of Edward McSweeney. Our new police force consists of Thomas McCrea, chief; W. F. Rhoer, P. H. Donnelly and Matthew Donahue, patrolmen. J. L. Seyfang was elected president of the common council and J. E. Haskell was elected president of the select council.

MATTING holds carpet lining; the best article known for putting under carpets: at Sprague's.

GARDEN spades, garden rakes and manure forks, cheap at Sprague's.

CLERMONT CHATTINGS.

Judge Tate is in Smethport to-day.

Rev. J. G. Hann will preach a sermon on odd fellowship in the Union church on Sunday the 21st.

Mrs. A. D. Nichols and son have returned home from an extended visit with friends in Olean.

C. P. Erlandson will, this spring, build a house, and remove to the farm he purchased from McKean Co.

Sept. J. H. Tate will have several families put out of their houses next week, for non-payment of rent.

At the last regular meeting of Clermont Lodge, No. 940, I. O. O. F., John C. Martin was elected N. G. and Samuel Bedford, Treas.

The correspondent from here in last week's issue of the *Democrat* has our thanks for the promptness in adding the pardon of the ILLNESS scribe.

Rev. J. G. Hann is calling on his many friends in town and made your correspondent a pleasant call this a. m., and we hope he will call again soon.

We are requested to state that Rev. J. G. Hann had nothing to do with the temperance society in this place, and that Mr. Gresham was the organizer.

We insist that the Sunday School Superintendent shall see that all the children who are collecting money for Foreign Missions make their returns.

Dr. Benj Chadwick accompanied by one of Smethport's handsome young ladies, was a welcome visitor with your correspondent one day last week. Call again.

DOOLEY DOOLE.

Clermont, April 31, 1889.

There is no drink quite so delicious and sparkling, pure and wholesome, as that made from Hires' Improved Root Beer Packages. Did you ever try it? It is one of the good things of this life.

CASH bargains in every department at D. C. Young's. Prices reduced to make room for new spring stock.

Fine Washington Territory.

J. W. Downs, Esq., who for several years past has represented the Allegany Lumber Co., in this section, and who is well and favorably known by many of our citizens, is afflicted with the Washington Territory mania, and in company with Bob McCord, of Cole Creek, will soon leave for that distant country. Of course it will not be long before these good fellows will want to be getting back into "God's country" and by that time will be "dead broke," but they have foreseen that emergency, and have made arrangements with Buck Taylor, the genial landlord of the Grand Central, to raise a subscription sufficient to save them from the necessity of "mounting the" on their return trip. Their many friends all join in the hope that Taylor's part of the programme will not be called for.

C. P. ST. JOHN has an established reputation for skill in fitting the eye accurately. He will remain with M. L. Armstrong only three days—Friday, Saturday and Monday, April 19th, 20th and 22d. Those who wish to see him do not wait for the last day. He will be very busy then.

PORT ALLEGANY.

Hurrah for General Tanner.

Dr. Shearer is again seen on our streets.

Dr. F. A. Watts has been on the sick list.

O. L. Sayler, of Buffalo, was in town last week.

H. H. Garthwait takes the lead in the furniture business.

Charles Catlin is studying law in the office of M. J. Colcord.

Prof. Clabee's dancing school closed on Thursday evening last.

M. S. Davidson has moved into the King residence on Main street.

E. O. Durfee is turning out some of the finest work in his line of any artist in the country.

Prof. S. Horton was shaking hands with his numerous Port Allegany friends Saturday last.

George Blackman & Son are doing an immense business with their chill coupler. Success to them.

The Knights of St. John and Malta will instal their newly elected officers on Friday evening next.

E. W. Ault, head book-keeper for Lillibridge & Co., passed the Sabbath with his uncle, Amos Dunbar.

The Bradford Daily *Era* is gaining quite a circulation in town. Harry Berdle has the agency for it.

The popular Ray Foote and John Norris contemplate starting a store in town. Success to them, say we.

The Johnsonburg branch store of Lillibridge & Co. is a paying institution. A. G. Reconville has its management, and in a first class man to every respect.

The E. A. U. is in a thriving condition and is adding new members at every meeting. The members are contemplating a drama of some kind in the near future.

H. D. Helmer's term as justice of the peace expires on May 4th. The Squire has many friends who will regret his departure from the office which he has filled so acceptably.

Floyd P. Shaner passed Friday last in Bradford. Mr. Shaner is employed as book-keeper by the Tannery company, and a more genial, whole-souled fellow it would be impossible to find.

There is considerable sickness throughout the country and our physicians are kept very busy. Dr. Colcord has hung out his shingle in Port Allegany and is already gaining quite a practice.

Nathan Barnaby Camp, 173, S. of V., surrendered their charter last week. There being so little interest manifested by its members, it was impossible for them to keep up their running expenses.

Contrary to all expectations March came in calmly, and went out in a gentle manner. The weather has been remarkably fine during the entire month and considerable has been done in the way of farming.

Belle Boyd, the famous rebel spy, lectured here to a small but appreciative audience, March 23d. Her lecture was very fine, and ended with a strong appeal to unite the people of the North and South in bonds of brotherly love.

F. A. Thomas, George Thomas, John Jacquette and Ed Bennett, made Port Allegany a flying visit on the occasion of the production of the "Heroic Dutchman of '76," for the benefit of the W. R. C. Our only regret is that the gentlemen arrived at so late an hour that they received so little attention. Try it again boys, and start earlier.

Lillibridge & Co. have purchased a beautiful span of blacks at an expense of $300, which they have hitched to their delivery wagon and with Mr. Sam Ride at the whip, are making daily trips into the surrounding country, taking all kinds of farm produce in exchange for goods. Mr. Ride understands thoroughly the wants of the people, and is working up an immense trade.

CHARLIE OX.

Attention Farmers.

One car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's, Smethport. 3-22-4t.

TARPORT CHIPLES.

Spring, beautiful spring!

"Will you sign my petition for the post-office?"

Robert Groer, of Johnsonburg, was in town last week.

Joe Flynn was in town last week on a visit to his family.

Miss Nellie Sherman is entertaining friends from Wellsville.

Mrs. O. F. Spencer spent several days of last week at Hinsdale.

Prof. W. L. MacGowan, of Olean, paid a flying visit to this borough last week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. X. Bideaux have returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Meadville.

Miss Kate Robbins, of Angelica, N. Y., a visiting in town, the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Whittlesey.

T. J. McManus, who has been attending a medical college in Pittsburgh, is home on a vacation.

Tuna Lodge K. and L. of H. is in a prosperous condition. From ten to twenty members are initiated at every meeting.

D. Fitzsimmons and son E. J., started on a western tour last week. Their objective point is Missouri, where they intend to locate.

Miss Ida Williams, of Tiloute, who has been the guest of Mrs. Phil Artley, left last week for Buffalo where she will visit friends.

The members and friends of the M. E. church gave a warm sugar social at the base house last Friday evening. The untiring efforts of all rendered it a success in every particular, and a neat sum of money was turned over to the church fund.

W. J. McConnell lectured to crowded houses last Sunday, both afternoon and evening. The meetings are being continued all this week in the M. E. church. Mr. McConnell is an able speaker and has succeeded in arousing the interest of the people in regard to the great question to be decided at the polls June 18th.

A large audience filled the Presbyterian church, Tuesday evening. They had come for a treat and they received it. Mrs. Ida W. Chapman, the well known elocutionist, read "Sweet Cicely," by Josiah Allen's wife, and her hearers were delighted with her rendition of the story. Its pathos and humor were brought out to good advantage. Mrs. Chapman is gaining in popularity all the time.

STEEL frame and wood frame spring tooth Harrows at Sprague's Hardware. Don't buy until you get his prices.

NOTE, large potatoes, free from worm holes, at D. C. Young's.

NORWICH NOTES.

Rev. J. G. Hann is visiting the people of Clermont.

A test oil well is soon to be put down near Norwich corners.

The first thunder storm of the season on Wednesday morning.

E. Griffith is slowly recovering from his long and severe illness.

N. W. Heinemann made a business trip to Olean on Wednesday.

J. Groom, of Clermont, has moved to Heinemann's mill where he will be employed.

Mrs. B. Christley, of Petrolia, N. Y., and daughter Lottie, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Alden, last week.

Mrs. J. Colegrove, accompanied by Dr. and Mrs. H. L. McCoy, of Smethport, spent the latter part of last week in Buffalo.

Misses Myrtle and Dolly Oviatt went to Olean last Monday for the purpose of attending one of the excellent schools in that city.

Deputy Sheriff Grubb has attached all the hemlock logs in Potato creek, claimed by the Newell Lumber company, on a claim of John Smith, a former member of the company.

The sugar festival at the residence of J. Colegrove on Tuesday evening of this week, was a very enjoyable affair, although on account of the bad roads and disagreeable weather it was not very largely attended.

While attending a meeting of the W. C. T. U. in the Union church last Sunday evening, F. C. Hazlehurst was suddenly attacked with neuralgia of the heart, but has so far recovered as to be able to attend to his duties in C. A. Anderson's store. E. W. H.

YOUNG FOLK'S DEPARTMENT.

NOTE.—All communications intended for this department should be addressed to
MISS MARY A. WALLACE,
BRADFORD, PA.

SHE SOOE AND THE LARK.

"Good-night, sir Lark," said a little Lark;
"Good-night, ladies, it will soon be dark;
Pro bashed my wings in the sun's last ray;
I've sung my hymn to the dying day:
So now I seek my nest quiet and
To you dewy meadow, Good-night, Sir Hawk."

"Good-night, poor Lark," said his little friend,
With a haughty toss and a distant bend;
"I also go to my rest profound,
But not to sleep on the cold, damp ground;
The finest place for a bird like me
Is the topmost bough of yon tall pine tree.

"I opened my eyes at peep of day,
And saw you taking your upward way,
Dreaming your fond romantic dreams—
An ugly speck in the sun's bright beams—
Soaring too high to be seen or heard,
And said to myself, 'what a foolish bird!'

"I took the park with a princely air,
I filled my crop with the richest fare;
I sported all day 'mid a lovely crew,
And I make more notes in the world than you;
And I am about to fold on my coat black wing;
The sun almost fell on my coat-black wing;
I looked and wondered. Good-night, poor thing!"

"Good-night, once more," said the Lark's sweet voice;
"I see no cause to repent my choice.
You build your nest in the lofty pine;
But to your slumber more soft than mine?
You make more notes in the world than I;
But whose is the sweetest minstrelsy?"

HOW EVERYWHERE.

A boy was with a party of excursionists in a salt mine one day, when gazing around with astonishment, he exclaimed, "well, mother, this is the biggest salt-cellar I ever saw."

A tramp asked a farmer for something to eat. One day as he chanced there to stop.
The kind-hearted farmer came out to the shed,
And gave him an axe and mellanly said,
"If you just help yourself to a chop."

HAD IT DOWN FINE.

"Say, Charley," asked one newsboy of another, "what is a payin' teller?"

"He's de man what says out de money."

"An' who's a receivin' teller?"

"He's de man what takes in de money."

"An' what's de cashier?"

"He's de feller what gits away wid de money."

ROLL CALL.

A. D. H., Tuna Creek; Fanny B. Morrison, Complanter; N. U. Gammer, Smethport; Ivy, Tuna Creek; Chestnut Burr, Bradford; Ellen Potts, Bradford; W. S. G., Bradford.

HISTORICAL.

1. The last words of John Quincy Adams were, "This is the last of earth; I am content."

2. Lake Titicaca in South America is the highest lake in the world.

3. In 1821 Andre's remains were removed to England, and are now interred in Westminster Abbey, beneath a costly monument of marble.

4. "To show the white feather" means to surrender, "give up," and is now used in the sense of cowardice. A. D. M.

LESSON XXII.

1. What is the motto of Florida? IVY.

2. Who said "Among us soldiers there is neither first nor last?" FANNY B. MORRISON.

3. When was the first Colonial Assembly held?

4. Who first used the term, "The Almighty Dollar?"

BIBLE HISTORY.

The word adder is used five times in the Bible.

Consumption and ague are spoken of in Lev. xxvi, 16.

Admah, Geboim, Sodom and Gomorrah were the cities of the plain. They were destroyed by fire and brimstone on account of the wickedness of the people.—Deut. xxix, 23.

In the description of the destruction of the "cities of the plain," we read first, that the sun rose with its usual beauty on that day, and such is said to have been the case at Lisbon on the day of the dreadful earthquake, and on similar occasions when entire cities have been destroyed. Lightning is usually called the "fire of God." The plain of Sodom was full of bituminous pits, which being kindled by the lightning, must have produced the most dreadful conflagration. This plain, Josephus tells us, was 72 miles long and 16 wide. It became in consequence of this destruction a receptacle of water, now called the Dead sea, or sea of Sodom. The Jordan enters this lake with a volume of water from two to three hundred feet wide, with a current so swift that to the most expert swimmer it is dangerous. It is probable that an earthquake accompanied the conflagration, and many travelers think there are still subterranean fires which feed the lake with bitumen.

LESSON XXIII.

1. What high priest witnessed the death of Aaron? IVY.

2. What mount did Aaron die on? FANNY B. MORRISON.

3. Who was the first Christian martyr, and how was he killed?

4. Do we read of churning in the Bible?

"And now, children," remarked the Sunday-school Superintendent, "what happened to those wicked people who reviled Noah and refused to heed his warning? Where did they find themselves when the flood came?"

"In de soup!" exclaimed a class of newsboys on the back seat, with one voice.

A bright, four-year-old Lawrence boy had enjoyed the undivided affections of father and mother. A few days ago a baby sister came into the household, and the attention which it received inspired the brother with an idea that he was being sadly neglected. One day as both parents were admiring the newcomer, the boy suddenly burst out with the exclamation, "Nobody cares for me now," and putting on his cap he ran out of the house. Just then a neighbor came along with a small dog, and, accosting the youngster, jokingly asked him if he would not like to exchange the baby for the dog. Instead of the anticipated indignant scorning of the proprietor, the little fellow, with brightening face, responded quickly: "Yes, and I've got a dollar that I'll give to boot!"

Attention Farmers.

One car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's, Smethport.

GET your walnut, mahogany, or cherry wood stain, in small or large quantities, at Sprague's Hardware.

SUBTLE POINT AND VICINITY.

Maple sugar parties are all the go now.

Lulu Simpson is very sick with spinal fever.

Miss Bell Griffin has returned to her home at Portage.

Mrs. Addie Bease has been away attending her sister, who has been very ill.

Mr. Lorenzo Hodgen is slowly recovering from a very severe attack of spinal fever.

Dr. Stearns, of Port Allegany, has recovered and is attending his patients again.

Miss Edith Cooper went to Friendship, N. Y., Saturday, to stay with her aunt and attend school.

There are a great many sick with spinal fever. Dr. Colcord and other physicians have their hands full.

Mr. Will Lowe and family, from Millport, Pa., are now residents of Annin Creek. Mr. Lowe is going to work for E. B. Buckley during the summer.

The sugar party that was to be given Friday evening at E. J. Hadley's office, was postponed on account of his little daughter Alda being taken suddenly ill with spinal fever.

Dr. J. McDougall, of this place, died Wednesday, March 27, and the funeral was held at the Annin Creek Baptist church Saturday at 1 o'clock. He had been ailing for a long time.

Two new families by the names of Work and Mix have moved on the Creek. We think if they would not mix them up quite so much and work them a little more, they would all be better off.

Dr. Colcord has moved to Port Allegany and has let his drug store to E. E. Evans. We are sorry to see you go, Dr., for we shall have to get another. We cannot do without a doctor in this place.

The ladies of the Baptist home and foreign missionary society of Annin Creek, will meet at the parsonage in two weeks. N. E.

THE largest stock and best assortment of fishing tackle ever brought to Smethport will be opened at Sprague's before the fishing season opens.

Concert Programme.

The following is a programme of the musical treat to be given at Kittredge Opera house on Thursday evening of next week:

Overture.....Band.
Vocal Duet.....Miss Rogers, Miss Burdick.
Cornet Solo.....Piano Accompaniment Prof. F. N. Black.
Recitation.....National Holidays
Ethel Gifford, Rachel Rubin, Gracie Robb, Merl Backus, Emmett Quinlisk, Harrie Rubin.
Piano Solo.....Mrs. H. C. Wells.
Selection.....Band.
Part II.
Piano Accompaniment
Cornet Solo.....Prof. F. N. Black.
Recitation.....A Vision
Miss Lucy Backus.
Selection.....Band.
Vocal Quartette.....
Mrs. Burdick, Miss Forsyth, Mr. Bouton, Mr. Baker.
Selection.....Band.

We trust there may be a large attendance on the above evening, and are confident that everyone will feel amply repaid for their time and money. The proceeds are to be used for temperance work. Usual prices 35, 25 and 15 cents. Tickets on sale at Armstrong's on Tuesday next.

C. P. ST. JOHN, specialist in lenses in the eye, graduate of the Rochlin School of Optics, New York city, will stop again with M. L. Armstrong, jeweler, Smethport, April 12th, 13th and 15th. He has made the eye his special study and for several years has given his whole time and attention to prescribing glasses and can refer you to hundreds of pleased customers. Examination free.

Court Proceedings.

The following cases were tried at the session of court held last week, all the others on the list being continued or discontinued, excepting the cases of Morrison vs McLeod Brothers and McFarland vs McCrea Brothers which were settled:

Arnold & Dolley use M. A. Lillibridge vs Daniel Crowley. Verdict for plaintiff of $181.11.

Hanna vs Battelle & Co. Verdict for plaintiff of $332.71.

Stephens vs Reible. Verdict for plaintiff of $2025.50.

Spaulding vs White. Compulsory non-suit granted.

Kahn vs Andrews. Verdict for plaintiff of $175.11.

Andrews vs Hamlin & Williams. Verdict for plaintiff of $200.

Blew vs Ridgway Lumber Co. Verdict for plaintiff of $624.37.

McCoy vs Curtis. Verdict for plaintiff of land described in plaintiff's writ.

Crull vs Osborne, constable. Verdict for plaintiff of $20.43.

St. Luke's Church.

Services on Sunday next at 8 and 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.

Lecture on "Decay of Religion, and Revival of Wesley in the 18th Century."

The Sacred Story, "The way of the Cross," will be subg at the evening service.

Services at All Saints' Chapel, East Smethport, at 3 p. m. Sundays, and at 7:30 p. m. on Thursdays.

Stove Wood.

Andrew Ness has bought the wood business heretofore carried on by Frank Vickery, and is prepared to deliver wood to any residence in the borough for 60 cents a cord, or will furnish wood at the mill for 30 cents a cord. He is also prepared to do dray work at low prices. 2t.

Attention Farmers.

One car load of choice timothy and clover seed just received at W. D. Gallup's, Smethport.

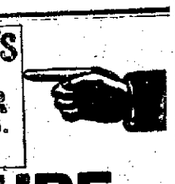
Japanese Buckwheat.

The subscriber has a quantity of this valuable seed for sale at $1.50 per bushel. It is acknowledged to be the best buckwheat seed grown. Call on or address.
J. C. GALLUP,
Smethport, Pa.

ITCH, Mange, and Scratches of every kind on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong druggist, Smethport. 39 6m.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WHY YOU SHOULD USE
SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by Physicians because it is the best.

It is Palatable as Milk.
It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver Oil.
It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions.
It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or change.
It is wonderful as a flesh producer.
It is the best remedy for Consumption Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Cough and Colds.

Sold by all Druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

$66 Sewing Machine FREE

We are now making a special offer to introduce our machine in every locality where we have not already introduced it. Send for circulars containing full particulars of our offer, which is the most liberal ever made by any reputable manufacturer. Every machine is fully warranted for five years. Our machine is unsurpassed in light running, durability and range of work. It makes the lock stitch, alike on both sides, and has all the latest improvements. Every family needs a machine, and now is your opportunity to get one free. Address at once, stating where you saw this notice.
THE PEOPLE'S SUPPLY CO., Box 740, Augusta, Maine.

ONE OF A SERIES OF PICTURES REPRESENTING COFFEE CULTURE. WATCH FOR THE NEXT.

SCENE ON A COFFEE PLANTATION CONTROLLED BY CHASE & SANBORN.

OUR COFFEES HAVE A NATIONAL REPUTATION REPRESENTING THE FINEST GROWN.

SEAL BRAND COFFEE JAVA and MOCHA. In its richness and delicacy of flavor justly called The Queen of Coffees of America. Always packed whole roasted (unground), in 1 lb. air-tight tin cans.

CRUSADE BLEND A skillful blending of choice Java and Mocha coffees. Warranted not to contain a single bit bean, and guaranteed to suit your taste as no other coffee will, at a moderate price. Always packed whole roasted (unground), in 1 lb. air-tight parchment packages.

TEST FREE We are exclusively an importing house, selling only to dealers; but to give consumers a fair opportunity of testing our famous coffees before buying, we will, on receipt of 2 stamps to cover the cost of postage, send free by mail a 1-4 pound of Seal Brand Coffee. Address

CHASE & SANBORN, 87 BROAD ST., BOSTON, MASS.

D. C. YOUNG

Is Agent for the above

BRAND ·:· OF ·:· COFFEE,

considered to be the

BEST IN THE MARKET.

In addition he has the

FINEST STOCK OF GOODS IN THE COUNTY.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

BOOTS AND SHOES.

New Spring Line Just Received.

J. BAKER & SONS,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
SMETHPORT ·:· PLANING ·:· MILL,
MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Window and Door Frames,
FLOORING, CEILING, SIDING,
Mouldings, Brackets, Turned Work and all kinds of Dressed Lumber.

A FINE LOT OF THOROUGHLY SEASONED
Hardwood & Hemlock Flooring
MAY BE HAD AT THE MILL ON WATER STREET.

LEGAL.

AUDITORS' REPORT

—OF THE—

Finances of McKean County,

TOGETHER WITH

COMMISSIONERS' STATEMENT

FOR 1888.

Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of McKean county, in account with the State, County, Dog and Watch Funds of said county for the year 1888:

COUNTY FUND.

Dr.		
To amt'l due county funds last auditors' report		$3,514 29
To amt'l received from Commonwealth Treasurer by County Commissioners		1,370 05
To amt'l received county tax collected, 1886's, 1887's and '88's		10,108 25
To amt'l collected county tax collected, 1888's		13,124 39
To amt'l unseated county tax collected, 1888's		2,102 56
To amt'l state tax collected, 1888's and '89's		2,765 98
To amt'l orphan's fee collected, 1888's and '89's		17 00
To amt'l received from Jno. W. Jackson on business contract		300 00
To amt'l received from R. Bayer on account of contract		2,310 00
To amt'l received from A. J. Bond balance on contract		2,314 25
To amt'l received from A. Longfire assessed purchaser Barnes' claim		35 00
To amt'l received from C. P. Erlenbach in full for Wilcox property		108 16
To amt'l received from collateral inheritance		83 00
To amt'l assessed poor building tax collected, 1887's 1888		19,315 01
To amt'l assessed poor building tax collected, 1888's 1888		3,193 26
		31,077 29

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		27,965 25
By County School Supt's institutes expenses		139 00
By commissions on $31,078 08		
2 per cent.	2,215 15	
3 per cent.	10,552 85	13,068 00
Balance due fund		75,989 37

DOG FUND.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,212 00
To amt'l dog tax collected, 1887's 1888's, '89's and '90's		1,630 00
		3,842 00

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,422 27
By amt'l transferred to county fund		100 00
By commissions on $1,630 00		
3 per cent.	39 00	
2 per cent.	1,570 42	2,813 32
Balance due fund		

REDEMPTION FUND.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,686 01
To amt'l received for redemptions		457 07
		2,143 11

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		2,067 00
Balance due fund		78 11
		2,145 11

We, the Auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of said county, in accordance with the foregoing funds for the year ended, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport, this 13th day of February, 1889.

P. M. Fuller, [seal]
J. D. Sonderegger, [seal] Aud'rs.
A. Wilcox, [seal]

Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of McKean county, in account with the Poor Funds of said county for the year 1888:

POOR FUNDS.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		10,777 21
To amt'l received poor tax collected, 1886's, 1887's and '88's		5,381 91
To amt'l unseated poor tax collected, 1886's		4,027 01
To amt'l unseated poor tax collected, 1887's 1888		1,892 20
To amt'l received from your farm		300 31
		22,378 64

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		12,304 28
By commissions on $7,882 10		
2 per cent.	218 96	
3 per cent.	6,080 91	14,603 31
Balance due fund		7,775 33

POOR BUILDING FUND.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,229 21
To amt'l received poor building tax collected, 1886's, '87's, '88's and '89		9,934 45
To amt'l rec'd from Jno. W. Jackson on business contract		300 00
To amt'l rec'd from R. Bayer on account of contract		2,310 00
To amt'l rec'd from A. J. Bond balance on contract		2,314 25
To amt'l rec'd from A. Longfire assessed purchase Barnes' claim		35 00
To amt'l rec'd from C. P. Erlenbach in full for Wilcox property		108 16
To amt'l rec'd from collateral inheritance		83 00
To amt'l assessed poor building tax collected, 1887's 1888		19,315 01
To amt'l assessed poor building tax collected, 1888's 1888		3,193 26
		31,077 29

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		6,333 63
By bonds paid and cancelled		9,000 00
By interest on poor bonds		2,975 00
By commissions on $26,248 63		
2 per cent.	256 14	
3 per cent.	7,882 10	8,138 24
		26,446 87
Balance due fund		4,630 42
		31,077 29

We, the Auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of said county, in accordance with the foregoing funds for the year ended, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport, this 13th day of February, 1889.

P. M. Fuller, [seal]
J. D. Sonderegger, [seal] Aud'rs.
A. Wilcox, [seal]

Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of McKean county, in account with the State Fund for the year 1888:

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,686 01
To amt'l received from county treasurer		2,765 98
		4,452 04

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		2,765 98
By commissions on $2,765 98		
3 per cent.		82 97
Balance due fund		1,603 09
		4,452 04

We, the Auditors of McKean county, having examined the accounts and vouchers of Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of said county, in accordance with the foregoing funds for the year ended, do find them as above stated.

Witness our hands and seals at Smethport, this 13th day of February, 1889.

P. M. Fuller, [seal]
J. D. Sonderegger, [seal] Aud'rs.
A. Wilcox, [seal]

Jno. K. Shoemaker, Treasurer of McKean county, in account with the School, Special Road and Road Bond Funds of said county for the year 1888:

Annin Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		554 81
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,202 24
		1,757 05

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,031 45
By commissions on $1,202 24		
3 per cent.	36 07	
2 per cent.	24 04	1,202 24
Balance due fund		523 36

Bradford Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,222 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,211 24
		3,433 45

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,931 45
By commissions on $1,211 24		
3 per cent.	36 33	
2 per cent.	24 22	60 55
Balance due fund		1,441 45
		3,433 45

Corydon Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		3,192 75
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,192 75
		6,385 50

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		3,295 00
By commissions on $3,192 75		
3 per cent.	95 78	
2 per cent.	63 85	159 63
Balance due fund		2,930 87
		6,385 50

Eldred Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		539 05
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,862 68
		4,401 73

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		3,962 68
By commissions on $3,862 68		
3 per cent.	115 88	
2 per cent.	77 25	193 13
Balance due fund		245 92
		4,401 73

Foster Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		443 05
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,192 00
		3,635 05

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		3,192 00
By commissions on $3,192 00		
3 per cent.	95 76	
2 per cent.	63 84	159 60
Balance due fund		283 45
		3,635 05

Hamilton Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		3,042 93
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,192 00
		6,234 93

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		3,192 00
By commissions on $3,192 00		
3 per cent.	95 76	
2 per cent.	63 84	159 60
Balance due fund		2,883 33
		6,234 93

Keating Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,200 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,800 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		2,120 21
		3,800 21

Lafayette Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Norwich Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		505 32
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		2,105 32

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		425 32
		2,105 32

Otto Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		867 87
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		2,467 87

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		787 87
		2,467 87

Sergeant Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,222 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,822 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		2,142 21
		3,822 21

Smethport Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Sweden Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,222 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,822 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00		
3 per cent.	48 00	
2 per cent.	32 00	80 00
Balance due fund		2,142 21
		3,822 21

Wetmore Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		67 87
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		2,233 85
		2,301 22

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		2,222 87
By commissions on $2,233 85		
3 per cent.	33 70	
2 per cent.	22 47	56 17
Balance due fund		22 18
		2,301 22

Annin Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Corydon Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		90
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		90
		180

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		90
By commissions on $90 @ 3 per cent.		3
Balance due fund		87
		180

Foster Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		228 78
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		228 78
		457 56

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		228 78
By commissions on $228 78 @ 3 per cent.		6 87
Balance due fund		221 91
		457 56

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		319 15
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		319 15
		638 30

Cr.		
By commissions on $319 15 @ 3 per cent.		9 57
Balance due fund		309 58
		319 15

Otto Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		322 18
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		322 18
		644 36

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		322 39
By commissions on $322 18 @ 3 per cent.		9 67
Balance due fund		312 18
		644 36

Wetmore Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditor's report		72 84
		72 84

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		72 84
		72 84

Hamilton Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		608 40
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		608 40
		1,216 80

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887		608 40
By commissions on $608 40 @ 3 per cent.		18 24
Balance due fund		590 16
		1,216 80

Keating Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,200 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,800 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $3,200 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		2,152 21
		3,800 21

Lafayette Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Liberty Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		30 60
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,222 77
		3,253 37

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886, '87 and '88		3,122 00
By commissions on $3,122 77 @ 3 per cent.		91 63
Balance due fund		39 50
		3,253 37

Norwich Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886, '87 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Otto Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Sergeant Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Smethport Borough—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Sweden Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Wetmore Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		67 87
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		2,233 85
		2,301 22

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		2,222 87
By commissions on $2,233 85 @ 3 per cent.		33 70
Balance due fund		44 65
		2,301 22

Annin Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Corydon Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		90
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		90
		180

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		90
By commissions on $90 @ 3 per cent.		3
Balance due fund		87
		180

Eldred Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Foster Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		228 78
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		228 78
		457 56

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		228 78
By commissions on $228 78 @ 3 per cent.		6 87
Balance due fund		221 91
		457 56

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		319 15
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		319 15
		638 30

Cr.		
By commissions on $319 15 @ 3 per cent.		9 57
Balance due fund		309 58
		319 15

Otto Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		322 18
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		322 18
		644 36

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		322 39
By commissions on $322 18 @ 3 per cent.		9 67
Balance due fund		312 18
		644 36

Wetmore Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditor's report		72 84
		72 84

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		72 84
		72 84

Hamilton Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		608 40
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		608 40
		1,216 80

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887		608 40
By commissions on $608 40 @ 3 per cent.		18 24
Balance due fund		590 16
		1,216 80

Keating Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,200 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,800 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $3,200 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		2,152 21
		3,800 21

Lafayette Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Liberty Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		30 60
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,222 77
		3,253 37

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886, '87 and '88		3,122 00
By commissions on $3,122 77 @ 3 per cent.		91 63
Balance due fund		39 50
		3,253 37

Norwich Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		505 32
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		2,105 32

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		425 32
		2,105 32

Otto Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		867 87
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		2,467 87

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		787 87
		2,467 87

Sergeant Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,222 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,822 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		2,142 21
		3,822 21

Smethport Borough—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Sweden Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Wetmore Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		67 87
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		2,233 85
		2,301 22

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		2,222 87
By commissions on $2,233 85 @ 3 per cent.		33 70
Balance due fund		44 65
		2,301 22

Annin Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Corydon Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		90
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		90
		180

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		90
By commissions on $90 @ 3 per cent.		3
Balance due fund		87
		180

Eldred Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Foster Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		333 33
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		333 33
		666 66

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		333 33
By commissions on $333 33 @ 3 per cent.		10 00
Balance due fund		323 33
		666 66

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		228 78
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		228 78
		457 56

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		228 78
By commissions on $228 78 @ 3 per cent.		6 87
Balance due fund		221 91
		457 56

Hamilton Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		319 15
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		319 15
		638 30

Cr.		
By commissions on $319 15 @ 3 per cent.		9 57
Balance due fund		309 58
		319 15

Otto Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		322 18
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		322 18
		644 36

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		322 39
By commissions on $322 18 @ 3 per cent.		9 67
Balance due fund		312 18
		644 36

Wetmore Township—Special Road.

Dr.		
To amount due last auditor's report		72 84
		72 84

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled		72 84
		72 84

Hamilton Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		608 40
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		608 40
		1,216 80

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887		608 40
By commissions on $608 40 @ 3 per cent.		18 24
Balance due fund		590 16
		1,216 80

Keating Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,200 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,800 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $3,200 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		2,152 21
		3,800 21

Lafayette Township—Road Bond.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Liberty Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		30 60
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		3,222 77
		3,253 37

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886, '87 and '88		3,122 00
By commissions on $3,122 77 @ 3 per cent.		91 63
Balance due fund		39 50
		3,253 37

Norwich Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditor's report		505 32
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		2,105 32

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		425 32
		2,105 32

Otto Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		867 87
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		2,467 87

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1886 and '87		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		787 87
		2,467 87

Sergeant Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		2,222 21
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,822 21

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		2,142 21
		3,822 21

Smethport Borough—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Sweden Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		1,422 08
To amt'l collected, 1886's, '87 and '88		1,600 00
		3,022 08

Cr.		
By orders paid and cancelled, account 1887 and '88		1,600 00
By commissions on $1,600 00 @ 3 per cent.		48 00
Balance due fund		1,342 08
		3,022 08

Wetmore Township—Road.

Dr.		
To amt'l due last auditors' report		67 87
To amt'l collected, 1